ployes of the Treasurer's office, by which large and small sums of mutilated and canceled treasury and bank notes have been stolen, put into shape and circulated. While there are undoubtedly honest and efficient clerks connected with the branches of the Treasury Department where bank and treasury notes are handled, both in the outset of circulation and in the return and cancellation of the notes, there are undoubtedly a number of rascals employed there. For the purpose of ascertaining who are thieves and who are honest men and women, some injustices will be worked, on the same printiple that a bell punch is necessary on a street car in order to guard against dishonest men, and spotters are used to trace dishonest railroad conductors who are located among the honest ones. It will be remembered that Mr. Sparks, recently Commissioner of the General Land Office, held up nearly all of the land entries made in the country till he could ascertain if there were fraudulent entries made.

Sale of the "Post."

Washington, Jan. 5.-Negotiations which have been in progress for some two weeks were concluded, this evening, by which the morning Post, which was founded by Mr. Stilson Hutchins in 1887, and has since been wholly owned by him, passed under the control of Mr. Frank Hatton and Hon. Beriah Wilkins, a Democratic member of Congress from Ohio, whose term expires with

Mr. Wilkins has built a fine residence in Washington, and by this connection will reside here permanentle Mr. Wilkins will have the business management of the paper, and Mr. Hatton will have entire control of the editorial and news departments. Mr. Stilson Hutchins will announce his permanent reffrement from journalism in to-morrow morning's issue, in order to attend to other business interests.

#### Indiana Republican Club.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Jan. 5 .- At the annual meeting of the Indiana Republican Club, held this evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: T. H. McKee, president; M. D. Helm, vice-president; Wm. M. Bass, recording secretary; W. S. Odell, corresponding secretary; M. T. Anderson, financial secretary; C. P. Williams, treasurer. A resolution was adopted directing the corresponding secretary to take charge of all applications from parties in Indiana desiring rooms and quarters in the city during the inanguration, and assist in procuring during the inauguration, and assist in procuring the same. The club is in a healthy condition, and promises to be a feature in social and political circles during the coming administration.

Removed for Neglect of Duty. Washington, Jan. 5.—The President has directed the removal of Mr. Alfred E. Lewis, Deputy Fifth Auditor of the Treasury, for neglect and inattention to his duties. He is a resident of Milford, Pa., and was appointed to the deputy auditorship by President Cleveland about two years ago. It is understood that he has never been satisfied with the office, feeling that his ability and services to the party entitled him to a more remunerative position.

### General Notes.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Jan. 5 .- This morning, at 6 o'clock, Capt. Albert Grant, the well-known architect and builder, died at his residence, No. 228 A street southeast. Captain Grant was instrumental in recruiting an Indiana regiment which afterward became the Nineteenth Wiscon-sin, and he could have had the lietenant-coloneley under Colonel Saunders, but declined referring to remain captain of his company. This regiment was attached to the Army of the otomac and the Army of the James. Many Indiana soldiers will remember him. He leaves a

family of four full-grown children.

It is probable that two or three Republican members of the House from Indiana will attend Governor Hovey's inauguration and reception, a week from next Monday The Misses Cannon, of Danville, Ill., daughters of Congressman Cannon, have arrived for the

social season, and will be at their old quarters at Willard's. They are very popular here. To-day's local papers have extended notices of the reception tendered, last night, by Miss Hallie Voorhees to her brother, Delegate Charles S. Voorbees, and his bride (nee Vajen.) The floral decorations were splendid and the supper superb. Miss Voorhees received her guests in a rich toilet of white satin, veiled in silk crape, beautifully embroidered in forget-me-nots and brown sprays. The bodice was low, and she wore a golden necklace. Mrs. Voorhees, the guest of honor, wore a trained gown of white satin brocade, with front crossed by long plaited scarfs of white silk. The pointed bodice was crossed by lace-edged bretelles, and she held a bouquet of la France roses. Among the guests, of which there were six hundred, were several members of the Cabinet and foreign legations. Miss Voorhees will keep the senatorial Thurs-

days during the season Mr. Blaine passed the day and evening in his apartments at the Richmond. He was slightly indisposed, and the inclement weather in-duced him to remain indoors. Toward even-ing he was entirely recovered, and dined quietly with Mr. Phelps in the latter's private dining-room in the Richmond. There were but few callers on Mr. Blaine, to-day, and very few of them were received.

# Held in Bail for a Brutal Crime.

Sr. Louis, Jan. 5.—In the Criminal Court, to-day, Judge Noonan held Robert Guerke, Michael Anglersdt and Wm. Burke, the three dog-catche s who are accused of having caught little Wil-lie Maiers with a wire and thrown him into their wagon, on Oct. 13, in \$15,000 each, or \$45,000 for the trio. Mrs. Nellie Finch's testimony was particulty'v strong against the defendants. She stated that she was attracted from her house by a noise on the outside, and saw a man catch Willie Maiers in an alley and shake him, dragging him by the neck. One man had the boy at that time, but another grabbed him and the two threw him up on the wagon. She pro-tested, and told them they had no right to treat the boy so. Then one of them raised the lid of the wagon, to put the boy in among the dogs, which were inside, and she and Mrs. Klosterman held on to his legs. Finally they drove off, and at Tenth and Biddle streets threw the boy off. She had followed them, and had thrown away their wire to get them to let the boy go, but the driver held the child while another man got the wire. The man to whom she spoke was among the defendants. The victim has been subject to fits similar to hydrophobia since his terrible ex-perience, and physicians say he cannot recover.

McClure's Supposed Murderers.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 5.—Captain Linden. of Pinkerton's Detective Agency, arrived here at 3 o'clock this morning with "Red-nosed Mike," one of the alleged murderers of paymaster J. B. McClure and Hugh Flanagan, on the mountains near here in October last. At 9 o'clock Mike was taken before Alderman Rooney for a preliminary hearing. He said: "At this time I have nothing to say." He refused to be interviewed on the to say." He refused to be interviewed on the subject and was committed to prison. It is not believed that he has made a confession as yet, though it is thought that he is the person who billed McCluve's have and has full knowledge as killed McClure's horse and has full knowledge as to who the murderers are.

Michael Rossillio has confessed. He implicates

three others. He claims not to have had part in the actual shooting. He told the detectives where the rifle used in conjunction with revolvers, and the satchel in which the money was carried were secreted near Miner's mills, and to-day they were recovered.

# Georgia and the G. A. R.

ATLANTA, Jan. 5 .- In addition to her other onors lately acquired, Atlanta will soon be the general headquarters of a new Department of the Grand Army of the Republic. The establishment of this new department of the G. A. R. is significant of the large influx of Northern men into the States of Georgia and Alabama, of which the new department will be composed. At present there are twelve Grand Army posts in these two States, and others will be rapidly formed. Tennessee has sixty Grand Army posts. On the 25th of this month there will be a general encampment held in this city. Delegates from all the posts in Georgia and Alabama will attend, to select officers for and to organize the new department. Thus Tennessee has been cut off, and

#### will henceforth serve as a separate department. Michigan Postoffice Robbed.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Jan. 5.—The postoffice in this city was robbed last night of about \$500 worth of stamps and a box containing a number of registered letters. The janitor completed his work at 6:10, and left a window open to air the place. Five minutes later the deputy postmaster entered to lock up the vault for the right. He found the vault door open and the property gone.
The thief had evidently entered through the window, taken what he could lay his hands on, and left hurriedly. Several thousand dollars' worth of stamps and half a dozen registered pouches were left undisturbed.

# Buckshot for White Caps.

WEST JEFFERSON, O., Jan. 5.—A few nights ago three or four men visited the homes of J. H. tone and Clark Silvers, living on Glad run about five miles from here, and stoned the houses, leaving a White Cap notice. Thursday night they appeared at Silvers's, and roused him by throwing stones against his house. Silvers had procured a double-barreled shotgun and had it loaded for them. When they appeared Silvers fired both barrels into the crowd at short range. The loads took effect on one or more, judging from the noise made by the men while fleeing from Silvers's place. Yesterday morning considerable blood was found on the ground, and a search is being made for wounded White Caps.

A New Departure in Methodism. Canton, O., Jan. 5.—A new departure in Methodism is announced by the founding of an itinerants department at Mt. Union College, at Alliance, this county. Bishop Vincent, Hon. Louis Miller, of Chautauqua fame, President T. P. Marsh, and Jacob Miller, the philanthropist, head the movement. Pagular classes for resident head the movement. Regular classes for resident students and occasional sessions of the Itinerants' Club for ministers in the field will take up all phases of the itinerant preacher's work. A class for the training of deaconesses is proposed in connection with other advance movements.

THE ASSAULT UPON MORIER

Bismarck, at Whilhelm's Request, Promises to Exonerate the Englishman.

The Method Proposed Is Not Satisfactory to the Latter, Who Demands an Official Withdrawal of the Charges Against Him.

A Dazzling Social Event, at Which Cold Cash Took Precedence of Blue Blood.

Berlinese King-Worshipers Cautioned to Be Less Demonstrative in Their Loyalty-Dissension Among Digna's Followers.

#### THE MORIER MATTER.

Bismarck Promises an Exoneration—German Papers Side with the Englishman. Copyright, 1889, by the New York Associated Press.[ BERLIN, Jan. 5.-Count Herbert Bismarck last night gave a diplomatic dinner, at which Count Shouvaloff, the Russian embassador; M. Herbette, the French embassador, and other heads of legations, were present. During the course of the evening Count Herbert, speaking to Count Von Hatsfeldt, the German minister to England, promised, under request of the Emperor, to exonerate Sir Robert Morier, embassador to Russia, from any charges connected with the Bazaine incident. This result was communicated to Morier, who expresses him-

official withdrawal. Lord Salisbury, in a

self as dissatisfied. He says that as official

prints make the charge there must be an

remarks: "The impression that a perusal of the letters leave is painful. Incidents such as these can only serve to trouble the relations of two countries connected by kindred and affinity. The accusations against Morier rest on the controversial assertion of a man who is no more. No evidence can be adduced in support of the charge, therefore it cannot be regarded as convincing. If certain papers which described Emperor Frederick as Parsifal the simpleton, really consider it their duty to asperse every man whom that noble prince honored with his confidence, they have at any rate done no good service to the German government or to the empire." Proceeding to narrate the military events between the 13th and 17th of August, 1870, the Vossische Zeitung says it is only surpsiring that the plain contradiction between Marshal Bazaine's statement to Major Von Deines and the historic facts should not have been per-ceived by Major Von Deines himself, who seems to have been willing to forge a

weapon with which to strike at the memory of Emperor Frederick. The Freisinnige Zeitung says: "The German people await what Count Herbert has to say officially on the matter. As things stand, German diplomacy has not covered

itself with glory over the question."
The National Zeitung holds that Morier, in his appeal to Count Herbert was overconfident. The paper says: "It was a really astonishing demand to ask the chief of the Foreign Office to contradict the report of a trusted officer of the German government. It must be left to the future to show whether Bazaine will come out of the affair as a slanderer or as a coward.

These comments suggest a similar ques-tion as to whether Prince Bismarck and Count Herbert will come out of the affair as slanderers or cowards. Morier, according to the sentiment of the English embassy here, and the general feeling in official circles, will compel Count Herbert to apologize. In the meantime, the semi-official press shows no signs of abating the attacks on Morier, rather trying to support the assault. To-night's Berliner Borsen Zeitung has a vaguely worded official statement declaring that the government has proof as to the means by which Morier obtained information concerning the movements and of-fensive plans of the German troops; also, how he made use of this information by

#### sending it to the London Times. A REMARKABLE BALL.

People with Available Cash Cast a Shade of Gloom Over the Hereditary Aristocracy.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5 .- A London special to the Times says: A very remarkable ball was given at the Hotel Metropole last night. It was not only remarkable in size and lavish expenditure, the cost being £8,000, but it furthermore punctuated strongly the gradual rise of finance in England over the old aristocracy. It was given by Col. John T. North, familiarly known as the Nitrate king. Colonel North is a Yorkshire boy, who went to South America some twenty years ago and saw an opportunity. To-day he is the most talked-of man in England. He is worth from \$40,000,000 to \$60,000,000, and lately has been using his knowledge the stock market to better the fortunes of certain well-known people. Lord Randolph Churchill was the first to benefit from Colonel North's power, and his profits are variously named in tens of thousands. Lord Randolph arranged a dinner lately, at which Colonel North met the Prince of Wales, and the result was that Wales was given 2,000 shares in a late allotment of new stock, which now stands at £7, making £70,000 for the heir apparent. As the Prince has lately been selling off the stock at Sandringham on an economical basis, the money is, perhaps,

These circumstances, and the extent to which various members of the aristocracy have profited lately in stock ventures, lent unusual interest to the ball. The Colonel whose delight it is to be lavish, hired every thing in the Hotel Metropole what was vacant. The white hall suite of ball-rooms, reception-rooms, etc., was added to by one hundred bed-rooms for country guests. There were 1,400 invitations and 1,400 guests, ranging in the social scale from the old aristocracy to popular theatrical people. It was mixed to the last degree, but being a fancy dress ball, all social lines were lost. Lord and Lady Randolph Churchill ruled the occasion, and Arthur Roberts, a grotesque actor, made the fun. The whole first floor of the hotel was used, and the refreshment-rooms, before supper, vied with the grand saloon itself. Champagne followed like spring water. All the waiters and hotel employes were in fancy dress, at Colonel North's expense, and nothing so strange in attendandance and lavish in outlay has been seen in London since a similar ball was given by Lord Rothschild. It was generally expected that the Prince of Wales would be there. He did not come, however, and the general opinion was that he is ungrateful. His absence made little difference in the fun, however, and the cos tumes, rooms and accessories simply beggared discription. Colonel North was in a Henry VIII costume, and took Lady Randolph Churchill, who wore a costume of black lace, covered with diamonds, and a blazing diamond star on her forehead, in to dinner. Lord Randolph Churchill took in Mrs. North, who was a Pompadour costume, which was also magnificent. The ball lasted till 5:30 A. M., and is the talk of

#### the town. GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

The King Worshipers of Berlin Cause Their Idol a Deal of Inconvenience.

[Copyright, 1889, by the New York Associated Press.] BERLIN, Jan. 5 .- The loyalty of the Berliners toward the Emperor has led to a caution from the North German Gazette against crowding upon the carriages of the imperial party when out driving. The Gazette says: "The repeated ovations recently given to their Majesties while out driving has more. than once given rise to inconveniences. Crowding too near the carriage, and espe-

cially running before them, is apt to make the horses restive; moreover, when persons incantiously approach the carriages they often run great danger.

Apart from the incidents arising from these causes too impetuous crowding upon their Majesties is incompatible with that feeling of respect which ought to be shown to them, and the absence of which deprives the demonstrations of the character of a genuine ovation. With regard to the throwing of letters and petitions into the Emperor's of letters and petitions into the Emperor's carriage, it should be known that it is better to deliver such documents at the court marshal's office."

Digna's Demoralized Forces. SUAKIM, Jan. 5 .- Osman Digna's principal lieutenant has deserted the Arab camp and arrived here. He represents that the Arabs are enraged at Osman, and when he left were seizing the effects of their leader's wives because the women chewed tobacco, a practice contrary to the precepts of Madhism. He reports that there are 2,000 dervishes at Handoub. The leaders of these forces are continually squabbling with Osman Digna on account of a desire on the part of a majority of the dervishes to evacuate Handoub and take up a safer if not a more advantageous position. He reiterates the assertion, made by other refugees, that Emin has been captured by the Madhi, and says that he is a prisoner at Khartoum, though well treated in every respect.

ed in every respect. The Evictions in Donegal. DUBLIN, Jan. 5 .- The evictions from the Olphert estate in County Donegal were continued to-day. Of those ejected, only the occupants of one house offered any resistance, and they yielded after a struggle of fifteen minutes. At the last house visited, however, the evictors met with a warm reception. Several attempts were made to effect an entrance, but the house was so strongly barri-caded and fortified that the magistrate finally ordered a cessation of hostilities until Monday, retiring amid the derisive cheers of the defenders of the house and a crowd of spectators. Orders have been sent to Gweedore, County of Donegal, from Dublin Costle, directing the au-thorities to effectively use the soldiery if the tenants oppose the evictions being carried on

William Wants More Money.

[Copyright, 1889, by the New York Associated Press.] BERLIN, Jan. 5.-The Landtag is convoked for the 14th instant. A measure will be presented increasing the King's civil list by 3,000,000 marks, this sum being additional to the amount marck, asks him to order a direct statement that the whole charge is absurd.

The papers to-day generally comment on the Morier affair. The Vossiche Zeitung increase in the civil list. The King proposes to raise it from 12,000,000 to 15,000,000 marks, apart from the Reichstag donation, which Prince ismarck will personally announce.

#### Wilhelm to Bismarck.

[Copyright, 1889, by the New York Associated Press.] BERLIN, Jan. 5 .- The Reichanzeiger publishes a rescript from Emperor William to Prince Bismarck, bearing the date of Dec. 21, which reads: "Dear Prince-The year which has brought us so heavy visitations and such irrevocable losses draws to an end. It is a joy and solace to think that you still stand loyally by my side with fresh strength to enter upon the new year. From my whole heart, I invoke upon you happiness and blessings, but, above all, uninterrupted good health. I trust to God that I may still be long permitted to labor with you for the welfare and greatness of our fatherland. WILHELM."

Lieutenant Wissmann's Successor. [Copyright, 1889, by the New York Associated Press.] Berlin, Jan. 5.-Lieutenant Wissmann, whose regiment is the Second Foot Guards, is now attached to the Foreign Office for special service in East Africa. In consequence of this appoint-ment the Emin refief committee has released Wissman from all connection with the relief expedition, and has nominated Dr. Peters chief eader in place of Wissmann. Wissmann's post under the Foreign Office is understood to be that of imperial commissary of Germany, and has nothing to do with the East Africa Company.

Wedding in Very Eigh Life. LONDON, Dec. 5 .- The marriage of Hon. Edmund Stanley, son of the Governor-general of Canada, to Lady Alice Montague, daughter of the Duke of Manchester, was solemnized in the Guards' Chapel to-day. The Prince of Wales and family, the Duke of Cambridge, the Duke and Duchess of Teck, and an aristocratic company, were present. The rector of Hatfield, who is a son of the Marquis of Salisbury, officiated. The bride was given away by her father. Beautiful presents were received from Queen Victoria, Empress Frederick, of Germany, and other royal

Germans Beaten in Samoa. AUCKLAND, New Zealand, Jan. 5 .- Advices from Samoa say that the German man-of-war Olga lost twenty men killed and thirty wounded out of a party of 120 men sent to assist Tamasese against Mataafa. The Germans were compelled to retreat to their boats. The commanders of the British and American men-of-war received an intimation of German intentions, but

they remained inactive. Great Fire in British India. LONDON, Jan. 5 .- A dispach from Cochin, on the Malabar coast, British India, reports that Aspinwall's cocoanut-oil factory has been burned, causing a loss of \$100,000. A Central News dispatch from Cochin says that almost the entire place was destroyed, only one oil factory having escaped destruction. The damage is estimated at \$1,500,000.

# Madrid's Daily Bomb.

MADRID, Jan. 5.—An attempt was made to-day to blow up the building occupied by the minisry of the interior. A petard was exploded in the rear of the building but, beyond smashing windows, it did no damage.

The members of the Servian Ministry have tendered their resignation to King Milan. The Czar yesterday granted an audience to Judge Lambert Tree, the United States minister, who presented his credentials.

The Governor of Algeria has ordered the expulsion from the country of two editors of a Spanish paper published at Oran. The greater part of the village of Brancon, Switzerland, has been destroyed by fire. Many cattle were burned to death. The fire was ig-

During a heavy storm, accompanied by a high wind, which prevailed in southern Hungary yes-terday, a railway train was blown from the track near Fiume. Three passengers were killed and

Professor Gefficken, who has been held in castody on the charge of being responsible for the publication in the Deutsche Rundschau of the dairy of the late Emperor Frederick, has been released, the prosecution having been aban-

At a banquet at Gran, on Friday night, Simor, Archbishop of Strengonia and Primate of Hungary, in reply to a toast to the health of the Pope, delivered a violent speech in denunciation of the Italian government, whose action he characterized as infamous in the extreme.

# Racing at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 5 .- To-day's races were run over a heavy track. The weather was clear First Race-One-half mile. Starters: Top o' Morning, Castilion, Florine and Lovelace. Castilion won in :55; Lovelace second, Top o' Morn-Second Race-Three-fourths of a mile. Starters: Long Light, Orange Girl, Wild Boy, Lord Gros-venor and Eldorado. Eldorado won in 1:26; Orange Girl second, Lord Grosvenor third.

Third Race—Five-eighths of a mile. Starters: Gleaner, Red Leaf, Lamont, Vatella, Cleoa Martin and Gab C. Gleaner won in 1:10; Lamont second, Red Leaf third. Fourth Race—One and one-sixteenth mile. Starters: Oarsman, John Daly, Sherwood, Syntax, Derochment, Unique, Pritchett, Go-Lightly, Pell Mell, Horn Pipe, Jim Nave and Anawan. Pell Mell won in 2:05; Sherwood second, Oars-

Damages Awarded Against a Railway. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MARION, Ind., Jan. 5 .- This afternoon the jury in the case of Edwin Matchett against the Cin cinnati, Wabash & Michigan railway, brought in a verdict awarding the plaintiff \$4,000 damages. About a year ago, at Anderson, the plaintiff, while employed as a brakeman, fell from a car and sustained in process that crippled him for life. He sued for \$20,000.

# Attempt to Pass a Forged Order.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RICHMOND, Ind., Jan. 5. - Alfred Moore, a young man claiming to be a carpenter by trade, and to have come to this city from Cambridge. was arrested this afternoon while attempting to pass a forged order, signed "Abram Gaar." Another, signed "Milton Gaar," was found on

#### Failure at Logansport. Special to the Indianapolis Journal:

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Jan. 5.-David B. Sharp, a boot and shoe merchant of this city, assigned today. Assets, \$6,000; liabllities, \$4,000.

# Forepaugh Sued for \$100,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 5.—Lawyers Heveren & Shakespeare, attorneys for Col. Wm. F. Cody and Nate Salsbury, proprietors of Buffalo Bill's Wild West, entered suit, late this afternoon, against Adam Forepaugh, the veteran showman, for \$100,000 damages. In their bill of particulars, Messrs. Cody and Salsbury claim that they have the exclusive right to the title "Wild West," and that Adam Forepaugh has used it without right or authorization.

## LONG STRIKE COMPROMISED

The Burlington Adjustment Inspected and Approved by Grand Chief Arthur.

The Terms Will Not Be Known Till Tuesday, but It Is Said Both Sides Made Concessions -Trouble at Seattle Ends in a Riot.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—Grand Chief Engineer P. M. Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, arrived here, this morning, from Cleveland, and proceeded to the Grand Pacific Hotel, where he had breakfast. After breakfast he was closeted with members of the conference committee, and the terms of the Burlington settlement were formally submitted to him. The conference remained in session until noon, and immediately after its adjournment Chief Arthur left the city over the Chicago & Northwestern road. His destination is not known, but it is understood to be some point in Wisconsin or northern Illinois, as he is expected to return to this city to-night.

Chairman Cavener, of the Brotherhood committee, was seen by an Associated Press reporter soon after the conference had closed. He said that the agreement with the Burlington road had been laid before Chief Arthur, and that it was approved by him, though this was not at all requisite, as the arrangement was complete without his sanction. Mr. Arthur, he said, was going West on business entirely unconnected with this matter, and had only stopped in Chicago at his (Cavener's) request. As to the time when the terms of settlement would be made public, Mr. Cavener said he did not believe it could be arranged before Tuesday morning, though possibly they would be given to the press on Monday night next—certainly not before the latter date. To a suggestion that this seemed an entirely unnecessary delay, in view of the completeness of the transaction, Mr. Cavecompleteness of the transaction, Mr. Cave-ner said that there were good reasons for the delay which he was not at liberty to

Vice-president Stone, of the "Q," was hen approached with a suggestion that the then a committee seemed to be unnecessarily delaying publication, and that it might save complications to give the result of the negotiations out at once. Mr. Stone replied that he had heard the reasons of the committee for asking the delay, and that they were such as commended themselves to his judgment as reasonable. Moreover, he added, he was firmly convinced the Brotherhood men were acting in perfect good faith, and he would not, even indirectly, break the pledge which he had given them to with-hold the terms of the settlement until they should indicate their readiness to have it

From another source, the reporter learned that the cause of the delay is this: The committe want the official notice of the terms of settlement to reach the various lodges soon after the matter has been given to the press. It has been learned by ex-perience that unless this is done friction is likely to arise in the lodges. Therefore, time is being given for the terms of settle-ment to reach Cleveland by mail and go through the circumlocution office at headquarters before publication. It now transpires that Mr. Arthur is go-

ing to California, as he says, on "private business connected with the Brotherhood.' He denied that the trip had any connection with the threatened strike on the Southern Pacific railway. Mr. Arthur expressed himself as exceedingly well pleased with the terms of the "Q" settlement, and said they were such as would meet with the approval of all Brotherhood men. He declined to make known its terms, but said that it was far from an unconditional surrender on the part of the Brotherhood; that several items of importance to the Brother-hood had been conceded by the "Q" of-

The following is published: "A man who stands high in railway circles told a representative of the Journal this afternoon that, while he was not at liberty to give the language of the agreement, he could say that the engineers had abandoned their claim for the abolition of the trip system and the inauguration of the mileage plan, They had also withdrawn their demand for the arbitration of the classification, or graded-pay rule. On these, which were the chief points of the strike, the company was a winner. On the other hand, the company had consented to employ Broth-erhood men in preference to others, as fast as vacancies occurred, and would reinstate its old employes whenever it could. The black-list, which has been a bar to the strikers obtaining work on other roads, is also to be done away with. On these points the Brotherhood is a winner. It is also rumored that the compromise will result in the dismissal of the prosecution of the alleged dynamiters, but this is uncertain. It is known that the matter was discussed, out the company was not sure of its legal right or power to interfere with cases now in the hands of the State.'

Vice-president Stone, of the Burlington road, when shown the above, declined to either affirm or deny its truth, or to comment on it in any way.

Mining Trouble Culminates in a Riot. SEATTLE, W. T., Jan. 5.-Trouble which has been brewing in the Newcastle mine for some time culminated yesterday in a riot, in which one man, William Raston, was killed. The difficulty first arose over a man named Boyle, who went to work on a "breast" and whom the Knights of Labor claimed had no right to the place. Wednesday morning they refused to go to work and posted notices saying there would be no more work in the Newcastle mine. The members of the Miners' Union, however, who greatly outnumbered the Knights, continued to work, and on Thursday night a large force of Knights came over from Gilman and McAllister for the purpose of cleaning out the camp. They marched through Newcastle, went up to the mine and assaulted and terribly beat a number of miners, including Buch-anan, the outside foreman, and then returned on the train to Newcastle. At the depot they attacked J. L. Hughes, president of the union, and Ralph Leowley. Young Llewellyn Jones rushed out from his house with a gun and ran into the crowd. He was knocked down, and Raston tried to shoot him. After he got up some one fired a shot, and Raston was struck in the abdo-men. A general fusillade followed, but the erowd scattered, and no one was hurt. Raston was carried to a house near by, and expired in fifteen minutes. The rioters dispersed immediately after the shooting. Greatly exaggerated accounts of the riot reached the city, and Sheriff Cochrane, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, took a posse of men and went to Newcastle. Everything was quiet when he arrived. The sheriff returned last night with Raston's body. Howell T. Jones, father of Llewellyn Jones, has been arrested for killing Raston. An inquest will be held to-day.

# Protective Association of Miners.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Jan. 5.—The Twelfth Dis trict Protective Association of Miners and Mine laborers elected the following officers and ad journed: President, Robert Reed, of Center City, Grundy county; vice-president, John Conley, of Grape Creek, Vermillion county; secretary and treasurer, Wm. Scalf, of Coal City, Grundy county; executive board—Jas, McNulty, Spring Valley; A. N. Carson, Decatur, and Clement Lement Spring Valley. The executive board will ment, Spring Valley. The executive board will appoint auditors about a month before the next

#### Think They Have Tascott. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

FORT Wayne, Ind., Jan. 5.-The postoffice a Leo, a village twelve mfles east of here, was broken into by burglars a few days ago, and yesterday an unknown man who had been hanging around the vicinity, was arrested for the crime No proof could be obtained, however, to fasten the crime upon him, and the officers were about to release him, when the city marshal noticed a remarkable resemblance of the prisoner to Tas-cott, the Chicago murderer. He notified the chief of police at Chicago, and is now awaiting his instructions. In the meantime there is great excitement at Leo over the prospects of securing the \$50,000 reward.

A County-Seat War Reopened.

ELWOOD, Neb., Jan. 5.—The sheriff and a posse of seventy-five men made a descent on Nomerville, yesterday, during the absence of the county officials at McCook, disarmed the citizens who were guarding the court-house with Winchester rifles, and brought back a portion of the county records to Elwood. On Nov. 30, a long and bitter fight for the location of the county-seat of Gosper county

culminated in an election, in which the necessary two-thirds vote for its removal from Homerville to Elwood was secured. Homerville, however, refused to give up the records. The latest development, of course, divides the records between the two towns and broadens the chasm between their respective citizens, with excellent prospects of further hostilities in the near future.

EXPLOSION OF AN ENGINE'S FLUES.

Two Men Blown Out of the Cab-One Fatally and the Other Severely Injured.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Ind., Jan. 5.-This morning, about 90'clock, as the mixed train on the Columbus, Hope & Greensburg railroad was about two miles out from here, on its regular trip from Cincinnati, three flues in the engine blew out with terrible force. The fireman, Louis Foster, who was in the act of replenishing the fire, and Arch Black, the head brakeman, who was standing at his side were blown out of the cab. The train was moving at the rate of about forty miles per hour, and the men received a terrible fall. Both of Foster's arms were broken, the bones of his left being severed in two separate places. His body and face were terribly scalded by the escaping steam and water, and he was also internally injured. The right arm of Black was broken, and his hands and face were badly burned. charles Doyle, the engineer, happened to be on the opposite side from the explosion, and he saved himself by taking refuge on the steps of his engine. The wounded men were brought to this city and had their injuries dressed by the railroad's physicians. It is thought Foster's injuries will prove fatal. He is married, and has a wife and three children living at Greensburg. Black is unmarried. The engine, which is badly wreeked, has been in service many years.

### DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5 .- For Illinois and Indiana-Light local snow or rain; nearly stationary temperature, except in the Northwest; slightly variable winds, becoming colder.

For Michigan and Wisconsin-Light local snow, or in southern Michigan, rain; slightly colder; variable winds For Minnesota and Iowa-Light local snows; nearly stationary temperature; va-

riable winds. Local Weather Report.

Indianapolis, Jan. 5. Time. Bar. | Ther. | R. H. | Wind | Weather. | Pre. N'rth Cloudy. 7 A.M. 29.95 82 N'rth Cloudy. 7 P.M. 30.01 36 Maximum thermometer, 45; minimum ther-Following is a comparative statement of the condition of temperature and precipitation on

 
 Normal
 25

 Mean
 \*36

 Departure from normal
 \*42
 Departure from normal ..... Total excess or defic. since Jan. 1.. \*42 General Observations. Indianapolis, Jan. 5-7 P. M. Station. .30 Rain. New York city. 29.04 38 48 .30 Rain. Phil'delphia, Pa 29.78 .30 Rain. Pittsburg, Pa... 29.74 .84 Cloudy . Cloudy Wash'ton, D. C. 29.64 52 ... 52 ... 60 ... Cloudy Charleston, S. C 29.76 Cloudless Atlanta, Ga.... 29.90 Jacks'nv'le, Fla 29.92 54 Cloudless. Pensacola, Fla. 30.08 Montg'm'ry, Ala 30.04 Cloudless. Vicksburg, Miss 30.16 N. Orleans, La. 30.16 Little Rock, Ark 30.18 Cloudless. Galveston, Tex. 30.24 Cloudless. Pt. Cloudy S'nAntonio, Tex 30.24 Memphis, Tenn. 30.14 Nashville, Tenn 30.02

60 - 62 - 56 - 58 - 50 - 46 38 40 38 36 32 32 ... Cloudless. Louisville, Ky. 29.96 Indian'p'lis,Ind 30.02 T Cloudy. Cincinnati, O... 29.90 Cleveland, O... 29.90 .06 Rain. .56 Rain. T Cloudless Marquette, M'ch 30.22 .06 Cloudy. 8.St. Marie, M'ch 30.18 Chicago, Ill.... 30.20 Cairo, Ill.... 30.14 Springfield, Ill. 30.18 Milwaukee, Wis. 30.12 Cloudy. Cloudy. .04 Snow. Duluth, Minn... 30.22 St. Paul, Minn... 30.18 Mooreh'd, Minn 30.26 .06 Snow. T Cloudy.
Cloudy.
T Cloudless. St. Vinc'nt, Minn 30.34 36 36 32 38 30 52 Davenport, Ia. 30.18 Dubuque, Ia. 30.20 Des Moines, Ia. 30.24 . Cloudy. Pt. Cloudy T Cloudy. St. Louis, Mo... 30.22 Kansas City, Mo 30.30 Ft. Sill, Ind. T... 30.26 Dodge City, K's. 30.24 Omaha, Neb. 30.28 N. Platte, Neb. 30.16 T Cloudless. Valentine, Neb. 30.12 Yankton, D. T. 30.24 Ft. Sully, D. T. 30.12 Bismarck, D.T. 30.18 Ft. Buford, D.T. 30.08 Cloudy. Pt. Cloudy Pt. Cloudy P.Arth'r's L'd'g. 30.34 Qu'Ap'elle, N.W 30.10 Ft.As'nab'ne, M 30.04 Helena, M. T... 29.78 Boise City, I. T. 30.38 T Pt. Cloudy

Ft.M'K'n'y, W.T. Ft. Wahask'e, W 30.16 Denver, Col.... 30.10 Pueblo, Col..... 30.10 36 12 42 .... Cloudless. Santa Fe, N. M... 30.12 32 22 46 .... Pt. Cloudless. Salt Lake City... 30.30 26 12 32 .... Cloudless. T-Trace of precipitation. Note-One inch of melted snow equals ten inches of snow.

Cheyenne, W.T. 30.02

Pt. Cloudy

Misunderstanding That May Cost Two Lives. Youngstown, O., Jan. 5.—Two freight trains on the Pittsburg & Western railroad collided on a sharp curve, eleven miles east of here, to-night. D. H. McHenry, engineer of one, was taken out of the wreckage badly mangled, and will die. Thomas Jenkins, engineer of the other train, is thought to be fatally injured. He was taken to his home at Newcastle, Pa. Wm. Condon fire man, escaped with severe bruises. Henry Molz, fireman, was brought to the hospital here; his chances for recovery are dubious. A misunder-

#### standing as to orders caused the wreck. Suicide of a Young Man.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Ind., Jan. 5 .- James Robinson, a young man living in German township, this county, committed suicide, last night, by taking a large dose of some kind of poison. The cause of the act is supposed to have been unrequited

Steamship News. LIVERPOOL, Jan. 5 .- Arrived: Norseman, from

LONDON, Jan. 5.-Sighted: Servia, from New York; La Champaign, from New York for Havre. New York, Jan. 5.—Arrived: Fulda, from Bremen; Egyptian Monarch, from London; Adriatic, from Liverpool.

# A LITERARY EX-PRESIDENT.

Rutherford B. Hayes's Library and Its Methodical Arrangement.

Corresondence St. Louis Globe-Democrat. Few of our public men are more assiduous readers of good books than ex-President Rutherford B. Hayes, and the library in his Fremont home is perhaps one of the most valuable of its kind in this country. There are four thousand volumes, chiefly books of reference and biographical works. Since his retirement to private life this library has been one of the ex-President's chief pleasures. Hours are spent by him in his library, and everything is forgotten in the interest of the work in hand. Gen. Hayes absorbs everthing he reads, and his retent-ive memory enables him to remember and

quote an author at ease. He loses himself completely in a book and time is forgotten by him when reading. Not a book is placed upon the library shelves but it is first read, and often reread, and a work must have some intrinsic merit before it is reposed into its proper place. The libarry is methodically arranged, is elaborately catalogued by subject, author and a digest of its contents. Much of this work has been done by the ex-President himself in leisure time. His books have cost General Hayes over \$10,000 and to his mind his library is a most ragged and un-finished structure. He adds to it continrally, and is always on the watch for books that interest him. The ex-President has the means wherewith to gratify his tastes, and no one encourages them more than he.

# Summer Land.

First-class round-trip and second-class one-way excursion to California will leave St. Louis every Tuesday during the season via Missouri Pacific and Iron Mountain routes. Through Pullman sleepers and best accommodations in every respect. For particulars address

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District Passenger Agent,

No. 7. Jackson Place, Indianapolis.

HOW STEVENSON COURTED.

Friend of the Novelist Corrects Some Inaccuracies in the Recent Gossip About Him. Boston Globe.

Mrs. Williams, widow of Virgil Williams, the noted California artist, is in Boston for the winter. It is to Mr. and Mrs. Williams that Robert Louis Stevenson's "Silvered Squatters" is dedicated, they being dear friends of the novelist. Mrs. Williams read in the newspapers the other day a story of Stevenson's own romance and mar-riage, said to be published for the first

"Is it not queer what stories will get into circulation?" said she. "This one is very much a mistake. A more noble man than Mr. Stevenson never lived, nor can his wife be reproached in any way. I know the whole story just as well as I know Mrs. Stevenson, who is one of my most honored friends. Mrs. Stevenson, as Mrs. Osborne, was, with her daughter, a girl of about sixteen, a pupil at my husband's art school. She was a Miss Van Degrifft before her marriage, and lived in Indianapolis. She was no older than sixteen when she was married to 'Sam' Osborne, a short-hand reporter, who earned a salary of from \$10,000 to \$15,000 a year at the time I knew them in San Francisco. They had three children. The oldest son, Lloyd Osborne, was the image of his father, and a young man to be in every way proud of. The other son died. Then, there is the daughter I have spoken of.

"Osborne was a noted story-teller, and much a mistake. A more noble man than

daughter I have spoken of.

"Osborne was a noted story-teller, and had always a pleasant way about him that made him quite generally liked; but finally, people in San Francisco found out that he was far from pleasant at home—as I know very well myself. He had \$15,000 a year, as I say, but he spent it on anybody's family but his own. At the time when Mrs. Osborne was in France, Mr. Osborne was not with her, as stated. She, like many an American lady, was in Paris with her daughter, both perfecting, so far as they could with their small means, their knowledge of art. She met Mr. Stevenson, whose cousin was an artist there at the time, and cousin was an artist there at the time, and through whom Mr. Stevenson had become

interested in the studios. "Mrs. Osborne and Stevenson were friends. Whether they fell in love at first sight or not cannot be told. It is an easy and convenient expression to use, and means nothing whatever. There was no engagement or thought of engagement, for when Mrs. Osborne came back to America. as she was soon obliged to, from lack of funds, she had no intention but to live with her husband. Meantime, however, Osborne had changed, and his wife soon found that she could no longer live happily with him. she could no longer live happily with him. Things went on for some time in a miserable sort of way, while there was talk of divorce. Stevenson heard of it, and made his appearance in San' Francisco to see what could be done. Osborne took it all in good part. "Why don't you marry him?" said he; "I don't erre." Mrs. Osborne did not believe that he would wish the actual causes necessary for a legal separation to be b ought up against him, but he made no objection. Well, the divorce was quickly granted, and the wife given the custody of the children. Osborne soid that he would support the boy, and Stevenson sent him papers to make out, settling an allowance upon him. But Osborne did nothing about it in the end, so that Steven-son assumed the guardianship of the boy.

"It is true that Stevenson was at that time very ill; indeed, he had always been in poor health, and it was best that the marriage should take place as soon as pos-sible, so that she should be free to take care of him. I was at the wedding myself. No very gay marriage feast was it—and Mr. Osborne did not give away his ex-wife. He was not present. He and Stevenson never have m t. The honeymoon was spent in a mining-camp on Howell mountain, where Stevenson wrote The Silverade Squatters.' Stephenson sent young Sam Lloyd Osborne to Oxford University, and thereafter Mr. Osborne, traveling in Europe, had the pleasure of telling about 'My son, who is at Oxford,' Mr. Osborne expressed a wish to have Lloyd accompany him on a walking four which he proposed taking in the south of France. The young man was allowed to join his father therefore for Steward to join his father therefore, for Stevenson aever found it necessary to exercise any restraint over the boy, the latter being always capable of looking out for himself. If the son had any illu-sion with regard to his father. It was dispelled on this occasion. The walking tour was the last they ever saw of each other. "In less than a year after the divorce, Osborne married a school teacher, who was not young, not beautiful, not intellectual, but who was an example of weak woman's faith and trust. He lived with her two years, and then one fine day he disappeared, leaving her with a mortgage on the ranch on which he had placed her, absolutely without any means of finding out where he had gone or whether he would ever come back, absolutely penniless. It was like Stevenson that when he heard of the poor woman's plight he sent her a generous sum of money. There was the natural nine-days' wonder in San Francisco as to where Sam Osborne had gone to, and then he was forgotten; and nobody kows where he is to this day. His daughter, who lives at Honolulu and who is now married to a San Franciscan artist, Joseph Strong, and of whom Osborne always professed to be especially fond, said to me, when I saw her last, that she believed her father was dead or he would have communicated with her or her brother, but I do not think so. I think he is congenially situated and living under an assumed name. His proficiency as a stenographer could find him plenty of employment anywhere. Un-happy man? No, indeed. He was one of those men who are incapable of being unhappy. And as for the Stevensons, both are better off for the marriage. They were made for each other, or, as Stevenson used to say in his original way, they belonged to

#### the same species." Beavers' Bad Engineering.

January Harper. I have stood by the side of many intelligent and well-read men when they run a "live" beaver dam for the first time, and have never failed to hear from them in any instance an expression of surprise and disappointment at the crude character of the work before them. Not only is the con-struction and finish of these dams usually grossly exaggerated, but the engineering judgment often shown in the choice of a location as well.

The Little Magalloway river at one place flows over a flat sheet of rock polished by the attrition of the freshets of centuries, and drops perpendicularly some three feet into a deep, dark pool below. The water flows over this smooth rock at the average height of the river in a sheet about three inches deep. Now, no dam beavers could possibly make above this fall could begin to compare in depth and extent with the natural pool below, while the Secessibility and quantity of food-wood on the banks would be the same in either case. Yet some eight or nine years ago they built a dam forty feet long and two feet high upon this smooth, flat sheet of rock, about thirty feet above the crest of the fall. How they ever made it stand where a man could hardly maintain a footing is almost as surprising as their stupidity in building it at all; but they did. Its strong curvature of some ten feet up-stream partly accounts for this, but not for the fact that they succeeded in making the adhesion of the dam to the polished rock water-tight.

The Hon. Hugh McCulloch Slighted. Washington Dispatch to Baltimore Sun.

Before the receiving party (at the White House New Year's day) came down stairs the space reserved for the guests in the Blue Room was crowded so that it was almost impossible for anyone to find standing room there. Ex-Secretary and Mrs. Hugh McCulloch were placed in a most embarrassing position through the mistake of the guardian at the entrance to the "sacred circle." The venerable couple were among the specially invited guests, but the usher did not recognize them, and just as they were about to pass behind the sofa he stepped forward and blocked their path-way. In vain Mr. McCulloch assured the official that he and his wife were specially invited to be present, but failing to convince him of that fact they withdrew. Several newspaper men who were standing near the entrance to the Blue Parlor witnessed the entire scene, and when Mr. Crook, one of the executive clerks, had his attention drawn to the matter he immediately sought Mr. and Mrs. McCulloch just as they were retiring, greatly mortified at the occurrence. They were convinced that a mistake had been made by the overzealous usher, and they were induced to return and participate in the festivities.

Suggestions for 1889.

Suppose we think little about number one; Suppose we think little about number one;
Suppose we all help some one else to have fun;
Suppose we ne'er speak of the faults of a friend;
Suppose we are ready our own to amend;
Suppose we laugh with, and not at, other folk,
And never hurt any one "just for the joke;"
Suppose we hide trouble and show only cheer—
How sure we shall be of a Happy New Year!